



MISSISSAUGA

NOTICE OF PASSING OF A COMMUNITY IMPROVEMENT PLAN FOR AFFORDABLE RENTAL HOUSING

Subsection 28 of the Planning Act

DATE OF NOTICE	August 08, 2024	
BY-LAW NUMBER	0144-2024	
DATE PASSED BY COUNCIL	August 01, 2024	
LAST DATE TO FILE APPEAL	August 28, 2024	
FILE NUMBER	CD.06.COM	All Wards
PROPERTY LOCATION	All Lands in the City of Mississauga	

A decision was made on the date noted above to approve a Community Improvement Plan for Affordable Rental Housing for the City of Mississauga as adopted by **By-law 0144 -2024**. Council has considered the written and oral submissions from the public on this matter.

THE PURPOSE AND EFFECT of this Community Improvement Plan is to stimulate new affordable rental housing development. The Plan will achieve this purpose through two primary mechanisms:

- Provide financial incentives, to private and non-profit housing developers and property owners to construct new rental and affordable rental housing units; and,
- Enable the City to acquire, prepare, and lease or dispose of land for the purposes of affordable housing development. The anticipated outcome of this Plan is to provide new rental housing options for Mississauga's current and future moderate-income renter households throughout the city and achieve mixed income, inclusive communities. A copy of By-Law **0144 -2024** adopting this Community Improvement Plan is attached.

WHEN THE DECISION IS FINAL

The proposed Community Improvement Plan is exempt from approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs and Housing. The decision of the City of Mississauga is final if a Notice of Appeal is not received on or before the last date of appeal noted above.

IF YOU WISH TO APPEAL a copy of an appeal form is available from the Ontario Land Tribunal (OLT) website at <https://olt.gov.on.ca/>. An appeal may be filed using the OLT e-file service <https://olt.gov.on.ca/e-file-service/> (first-time users will need to register for a My Ontario Account) by selecting **Mississauga (City): Clerk and Secretary–Treasurer** as the Approval Authority. Alternatively, you may submit an appeal to the City Clerk in person or by registered mail/courier addressed to the City Clerk, City of Mississauga, Attention: Diana Rusnov, 300 City Centre Drive, 2nd Floor, Mississauga, ON L5B 3C1 no later than **4:30pm on August 28, 2024**. The filing of an appeal after 4:30pm will be deemed to have been received the next business day. If the e-file service is down, you can submit your appeal to city.clerk@mississauga.ca . An appeal will be processed once all fees are received.

WHO CAN FILE AN APPEAL

Only the applicant, the Minister, or an owner of land affected by the planning application, a specified person or a public body who made written or oral submissions to the Council of the City of Mississauga prior to Council's decision may appeal a decision of the City of Mississauga to the Ontario Land Tribunal.

No person or public body shall be added as a party to the hearing of the appeal unless, before the plan was adopted, the person or public body made oral submissions at a public meeting or written submissions to the Council of the City of Mississauga or, in the opinion of the Ontario Land Tribunal, there are reasonable grounds to add the person or public body as a party.

The Notice of Appeal must:

1. set out the reasons for the appeal and the specific part of the proposed official plan amendment to which the appeal applies;

2. be accompanied by the fee prescribed under the *Ontario Land Tribunal Act* in the amount of \$1,100.00 per application, payable to the Minister of Finance. Payment can be made directly to the OLT if using the e-file service to file an appeal or by certified cheque or money order if filing with the City Clerk. (An appellant may [request a reduction of the filing fee](#) to \$400.00. The request for a reduction of the filing fee must be made at the time of filing the appeal. For more information and a copy of the OLT Fee Schedule go to <https://olt.gov.on.ca/appeals-process/fee-chart/>.)
3. include the processing fee prescribed under the User Fees and Charges By-law in the amount of \$319.30 per application, payable by certified cheque to the City of Mississauga. **This fee must be paid directly to the City of Mississauga in person, or by mail/courier, in addition to the OLT fee (Minister of Finance).**

MORE INFORMATION

A copy of this amendment in its entirety can be found at www.mississauga.ca/portal/cityhall/publicnotices, or from Catherine Parsons of the City of Mississauga, Planning and Building Department at (905) 615-3200 X 8409.



Sacha Smith,
Manager/Deputy Clerk
Secretariat and Access & Privacy
300 City Centre Drive, Mississauga ON L5B 3C1



THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF MISSISSAUGA

BY-LAW NUMBER 0144-2024

A by-law to adopt a Community Improvement Plan for Affordable Rental Housing

WHEREAS, By-law 0158-2019 passed on the 23rd day of October, 2019, designates the entire City of Mississauga a community improvement project area for the purposes of studying the potential for a Community Improvement Plan that will increase the supply of housing and affordable rental housing;

AND WHEREAS, Section 28 of the *Planning Act* R.S.O. 1990, c. P.13 as amended (hereinafter the "*Planning Act*"), states that where a by-law has been passed to designate a community improvement project area, the Council may put in place a community improvement plan identifying measures that the municipality may take to facilitate and accelerate community improvement within the community improvement project area;

AND WHEREAS, the Council of The Corporation of the City of Mississauga considers it appropriate to adopt a community improvement plan for affordable rental housing in accordance with the *Planning Act*, for the purposes of the community improvement of the designated city-wide community improvement project area;

AND WHEREAS, the Affordable Rental Housing Community Improvement Plan conforms to the City of Mississauga Official Plan;

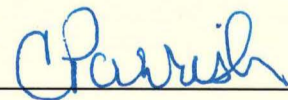
NOW THEREFORE the Council of The Corporation of the City of Mississauga, ENACTS as follows:


1. The Affordable Rental Housing Community Improvement Plan attached hereto as Schedule "A" and forming part of this By-law is hereby adopted as the Community Improvement Plan to address affordable rental housing supply in the City of Mississauga.

ENACTED and PASSED this 1ST day of August, 2024.

Approved by Legal Services City Solicitor City of Mississauga

Katie Pfaff
Date: July 23, 2024


MAYOR


CLERK

Schedule A

Affordable Rental Housing Community Improvement Plan

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1. Introduction

The rise in housing costs has significantly outpaced income growth over the last fifteen years. Rental housing is an essential part of the housing continuum as it is more financially attainable for many individuals and households. However, between 2008 and 2023, average rents in Mississauga increased by 71% while average (Ontario) wages increased by 53%.¹

After a lengthy period of very limited growth since 1990, there has been an increase in purpose built rental construction in recent years. However, significant costs in construction (price of land, labour, materials, financing) have resulted in prevailing market rents in new buildings that are considerably higher than many households can afford.

Moderate income households,² which make too much to qualify for housing subsidies, are increasingly challenged to secure appropriate market housing. *Making Room for the Middle – An Affordable Housing Strategy for Mississauga* (2017) identified the need to address housing needs of moderate-income households to ensure Mississauga’s residents and workforce have broader and more affordable housing options. A Community Improvement Plan (CIP) was identified as a mechanism to address some of the barriers to achieving affordable rental housing.

A CIP is a tool that enables municipalities to provide financial incentives and other programming to help meet specific goals and community improvement objectives, such as increasing affordable housing options for residents. The rationale for establishing a CIP is that the desired development is unlikely to occur *without* municipal intervention through the creation of programs like financial incentives.

¹ Source: Statistics Canada average wage data for Ontario

² Earn between \$56,000 and \$96,000 in 2024

In 2023, Council adopted *Growing Mississauga: An Action Plan for New Housing*, which renewed Council's priorities to address housing affordability for renters through a CIP.

2. Purpose of the Plan

The purpose of this CIP ("the Plan") is to stimulate new affordable rental housing development. The Plan will achieve this purpose through two primary mechanisms:

- Provide financial incentives, to private and non-profit housing developers and property owners to construct new rental and affordable rental housing units; and,
- Enable the City to acquire, prepare, and lease or dispose of land for the purposes of affordable housing development.

The anticipated outcome of this Plan is to provide new rental housing options for Mississauga's current and future moderate-income renter households throughout the city and achieve mixed-income, inclusive communities.

3. Legislative Authority

3.1 Municipal Act

Section 106(1) of the *Municipal Act, 2001* prohibits municipalities from assisting, either directly or indirectly, any manufacturing business or other industrial or commercial enterprise through the granting of bonuses for that purpose. However, an exception is made in Section 106(3) of the *Municipal Act*³, 2001 for municipalities exercising powers under Section 28 of the *Planning Act*, which enables the granting of incentives for the achievement of municipal objectives, such as, but not limited to promoting new affordable rental housing development.

3.2 Planning Act

Provided that the official plan of a municipality contains policies relating to community improvement, the municipality may designate, by by-law, the whole or any part of an area covered by an official plan as a Community Improvement Project Area (CIPA) (*Planning Act*, Subsection 28(2)), where community improvement is, in the opinion of Council, desirable because of age, dilapidation, overcrowding, faulty arrangement, unsuitability of buildings or for any other environmental, social or community economic development reason (*Planning Act*, Subsection 28(1)).

Once the CIPA is designated, the municipality may adopt a CIP for a CIPA. The CIP allows municipalities to provide assistance to landowners without contravening the anti-bonusing provisions of Section 106 of the *Municipal Act*. The municipality may undertake the following actions:

- Acquire, hold, clear, grade or otherwise prepare land within CIPA (Subsection 28(3));
- Construct, repair, rehabilitate or improve buildings on land acquired or held by it in the CIPA in conformity with the CIP, and sell, lease or otherwise dispose of any such buildings and the land appurtenant thereto (Subsection 28(6)(a)).
- Sell, lease or otherwise dispose of any land acquired or held by it in the CIPA to any person or governmental authority for use in conformity with the CIP (Subsection 28(6)(b)).
- Provide grants and / or loans in conformity with the CIP, to registered owners, assessed owners and tenants of lands and buildings within the CIPA, and to any person to whom such an owner or tenant has assigned the right to receive a grant or loan, to pay for the whole, or any part of the, eligible costs of the CIP (Subsection 28(7)).⁴
- Provide grants and / or loans for eligible costs identified within the CIP which may include costs related to environmental site assessment, environmental remediation, development, redevelopment, construction and reconstruction of land and buildings for rehabilitation purposes or for the provision of energy efficient uses, buildings, structures, works, improvements or facilities (Subsection 28(7.1)).

3.2 Official Plan Policy

Community improvement policies are contained within Section 19.22 of Mississauga Official Plan. These policies identify affordable housing as a type of community improvement that CIPs may consider. The policies also identify the manner in which CIPs may be carried out, including

³ An alternative exception is made in Section 106.1(1) of the *Municipal Act, 2001*, where the Lieutenant Governor in Council may make regulations authorizing a municipality to grant assistance.

⁴ The total of all grants, loans, and/or tax assistance provided to lands or buildings within the CIPA cannot exceed the eligible costs as described within the CIP (*Planning Act*, Subsection 28(7.3)).

participation in funding programs with senior governments, acquisition and assembly of land, and allocation of public funds in the form of grants, loans, or other financial instruments.

4. Community Improvement Project Area

On October 23, 2019, Council passed By-law 0158-2019, thereby designating the entire City of Mississauga as a CIPA. The rationale for the city-wide boundary is to provide greater opportunity to attract affordable rental housing development in the city, with the objective of creating diverse, mixed-income communities within Mississauga that offer a range of housing options for residents of various socio-economic backgrounds.

5. Community Improvement Plan Programs

The Plan consists of two major financial incentive programs – the Multi-Residential Rental Incentive Program and the Gentle Density Incentive Program.⁵ In addition, enabling programs that may be explored in more depth and utilized at a later time are included in this Plan.

5.1 Multi-Residential Rental Incentive Program

The Multi-Residential Incentive Program is aimed at providing financial incentives to support the creation of affordable and below-market rental housing units in non-profit and new market-priced purpose-built rental housing projects, and is intended to be stackable with incentive / financing programs offered by other levels of government. The Multi-Residential Incentive Program will offer grants / grant-in-lieu of certain municipal fees for affordable units achieving one (1) of two (2) thresholds of affordability.

5.1.1 Affordable Units

For units with rents at or below 100% of Average Market Rent (AMR)⁶, the following incentives are available:

- Capital grant of up to \$130,000
- Grant-in-lieu of Building Permit fees
- Planning fee relief for non-profits⁷ (estimated \$50k - \$100k; fee amount depends on size of development and type(s) of application(s) required)

5.1.2 Below-Market Units

For units with rents above 100% AMR but below 125% AMR, the following incentives are available:

- Grant-in-lieu of City Development Charges (DCs), Community Benefit Charges (CBCs), and Parkland Cash-in-lieu (CIL)
- Capital grant of up to \$60,000
- Grant-in-lieu of Building Permit fees

5.1.3 Eligibility and Evaluation Criteria

To be eligible for this program, projects must:

- Be rental tenure;
- Include five (5) or more affordable or below-market units;
- Include a minimum 25-year affordability term for the affordable / below-market units

Eligible Projects include applications from private, public, and non-profit housing providers including non-profit housing co-operatives, or private/public/non-profit partnerships. Equity co-operatives will not be eligible for this program.

⁵ A “but for” test establishes the need for incentives in Mississauga. But for the provision of financial incentives affordable rental housing will likely not be developed in the City. This was confirmed through consultation with development stakeholders on March 26, 2024 and a statutory public meeting held on May 21, 2024. Additional financial analysis was conducted by Parcel Economics to inform the CIP programs.

⁶ Note: Affordable units that qualify under this category will need to meet the *Development Charges Act, 1997* definition of “affordable residential unit, rented,” as further outlined in the Province’s *Affordable Residential Units for the Purposes of the Development Charges Act, 1997 Bulletin*. Currently, 100% AMR is the deciding factor for maximum affordable rents. Should the income-based component of the definition be the deciding factor, this CIP will follow suite.

⁷ This is an interim measure until the proposed updates to the Fees and Charges By-law come forward in Fall / Winter 2024. At that time, staff will recommend a new non-profit category in the tariff.

Units that fulfill an applicant's Inclusionary Zoning or Section 37 – *Density Bonusing* requirements or are provided as in-kind CBC contributions are not eligible for funding under this CIP.

Any project that has entered into funding agreements with the Region of Peel under a Regional incentive program prior to adoption of this CIP must demonstrate financial need for additional funding from the City.

Minimum Unit Size Requirements

Units qualifying for funding under this CIP must meet the following minimum unit size requirements:

- 47 square meters for 1-bedroom units
- 63 square meters for 2-bedroom units
- 79 square meters for 3-bedroom units

Additional Evaluation Criteria

The City may use additional criteria to evaluate applications to the program, including:

- Shovel-readiness
- Total units in project
- Percentage of affordable units
- Support from other funding partners
- Development qualifications of applicant and project viability

5.2 Gentle Density Incentive Program

In December 2023, the City permitted four (4) units as-of-right on all residential lots to increase opportunities for gently density in Mississauga's residential neighbourhoods. The Gentle Density Program is intended to provide financial incentives to encourage the provision of up to four (4) units on lower density lots in the City. Eligible proposal include Additional Residential Units (ARUs) on a single-detached, semi-detached, or townhouse lot and plexes. This program is intended to be stackable with incentive / financing programs offered by other levels of government.

The following incentives are available:

- A grant-in-lieu of building permit fees is available for the creation / legalization of second, third, and fourth units on lower density lots.
- Currently, Provisional legislation does not exempt the fourth unit on a lot from municipal development fees, whereas the second and third unit are exempt. To encourage the provision of four units on a lot, a grant-in-lieu of City DCs and Parkland CIL for the fourth unit is available, provided the fourth unit remains rental for a period of 25 years.
- There are some scenarios where the City may support the conversion of non-residential space to residential space. A grant-in-lieu of Parkland CIL fees is available for the creation of up to four residential units, provided the units remain rental for 25 years. The conversion must be in conformity with the City's Official Plan.

5.3 Enabling Programs

5.3.1 Tax Increment Equivalent Program

As a component of the Multi-Residential Program, consideration was given to the provision of maximum 25-year Tax Increment Equivalent Grants (TIEG) to offset the increase in property taxes on the affordable units that occurs as a result of redevelopment. However, since one of the primary funding for this Plan is a time-limited federal funding program, the City will need to investigate alternative, stable, long-term funding sources to fund the TIEG.

5.3.2 Land Acquisition Program

The City may acquire and dispose of municipally-owned property for affordable housing purposes. It may also offer up such property at nominal or below market rates, issue requests for proposals (RFPs) for private development and / or participate in public-private partnerships (P3s) for development that achieves the objectives of the CIP. Additionally, the City may elect to dispose of City-owned lands for the purpose of attracting new rental / affordable rental housing.

6. Administration

This Plan and the Programs contained therein, will be administered by the Planning and Building Department. The Programs will be administered with a rolling application window

whereby applications will be accepted at any time. This approach will ensure expedited incentive approvals. As such, funding is on a first-come, first-served basis. Applications under this CIP are subject to approval, and the availability of funds, at the discretion of the Chief Administrative Officer or their designate.

If incentives are granted, the landowner or tenant will be subject to terms and conditions for the duration of the rental / affordability term (as applicable), to be secured within a legally binding agreement.

The Programs in this Plan are intended to be stackable with incentive / financing programs offered by other levels of government.

7. Monitoring and Amendments

The City will monitor the use of the programs contained in this Plan, to understand program participation and effectiveness on an ongoing basis. Periodic reporting to Council will occur to ensure Council is apprised of program effectiveness, address any amendments to the Plan, recalibrate incentives based on program uptake, and to address budgetary issues.

A formal amendment to this Plan is required in the following circumstances:

- changes to the Affordable Rental Housing Community Improvement Plan Project Area boundary
- the addition of grant, loan and incentive programs, not referred to in the Affordable Rental Housing CIP
- other major revisions (e.g. program time frames, eligibility criteria, etc.)

This Plan is subject to funding. The discontinuation or pause, by Council, of any program referred to in this Plan shall not require an amendment to the Plan. Amendments are subject to the provisions of the *Planning Act* with respect to notice, public involvement and appeal provisions.