

# 65-71 Agnes Street 29 Storey Condominium

# Functional Servicing and Stormwater Management Report

**Project Location:** 65-71 Agnes Street Mississauga, Ontario

Prepared for: Intentional Capital 147 Liberty Street Toronto, ON

#### Prepared by:

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MTE File No.: 51157-100

April 29, 2022 Revised: June 6, 2024 **Revised: September 20, 2024** 



Engineers, Scientists, Surveyors.



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# **1.0 Introduction**

# 1.1 Overview

MTE Consultants Inc. were retained by Intentional Capital Real Estate to complete the site grading, servicing, and stormwater management design for the proposed 29-storey residential development located at 65-71 Agnes Street in the City of Mississauga (see **Figure 1** for Location Plan). This report will outline a functional servicing and stormwater management strategy for the proposed residential development.

The site is located on a 0.36ha parcel of land bounded by Agnes Street to the south, Cook Street to the east, residential housing to the north, and a residential building to the west. The property is currently occupied by two 1-storey residential buildings, the associated driveways, and landscaped areas surrounding the buildings. The proponent plans to remove the two existing residential buildings and construct a new 29-storey residential development with parking located within underground and above ground levels.

Existing municipal storm, sanitary and watermain services are located within the Agnes Street and Cook Street rights-of-way (ROWs) which will be utilized to service the proposed development.

# **1.2 Background Information**

The following documents were referenced in the preparation of this report:

- Ref. 1: Ontario Building Code (2024).
- Ref. 2: Geotechnical Investigation Proposed High-Rise Development 65-71 Agnes Street, Mississauga, Ontario, Sirati & Partners. (October 2021).
- Ref. 3: Hydrogeological Investigation Proposed High-Rise Development 65-71 Agnes Street, Mississauga, Ontario, Sirati & Partners. (October 2021).
- Ref. 4: Development Charges Background Study, Region of Peel (2020).
- Ref. 5: Water Supply for Public Fire Protection, Fire Underwriters Survey (2020).
- Ref. 6: *Public Works Stormwater Design Criteria and Procedural Manual*, Region of Peel (Version 2.1 June 2019).
- Ref. 7: *Public Works Design, Specifications & Procedures Manual Linear Infrastructure,* Region of Peel (MODIFIED, March 2017)
- Ref. 8: *Development Requirements Manual*, City of Mississauga Transportation and Works Department (September, 2016).
- Ref. 9: Stormwater Management Criteria, Credit Valley Conservation (August 2012).
- Ref. 10: Low Impact Development Stormwater Management Planning and Design Guideline, Credit Valley Conservation & Toronto and Region Conservation for the Living City, Version 1.0 (2012).
- Ref. 11: *Design Guidelines for Drinking-Water Systems*, Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change (2008).
- Ref. 12: Design Guidelines for Sewage Works, Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change (2008).
- Ref. 13: Erosion & Sediment Control Guideline for Urban Construction (December, 2006).
- Figure 1 Location Plan

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Ref. 14: *MOE Stormwater Management Practices Planning and Design Manual* (Ministry of Environment, March 2003).

# **1.3 Geotechnical Investigation**

A geotechnical investigation was conducted by Sirati & Partners, dated October 27, 2021. Five (5) boreholes were drilled to depths ranging from approximately 4.8m to 21.2m below existing ground surface in the vicinity of the proposed residential building. Layers of fill consisting of top soil, probable fill, sand and bedrock (Georgian Bay Formation) was encountered in all boreholes at depth of approximately 3.2m.

Three (3) ground water monitoring wells were installed within the proposed development site in boreholes (BH1, BH3 and BH4) at the completion of the drilling to support in-situ hydrogeological testing. Approximately a week after installation, ground water was measured at depths of 5.3 and 3.2 metres below existing grade in boreholes 1 and 3 respectively. The approximate groundwater elevations are 108.0, 109.4, and 109.7 metres above mean sea level for boreholes 1, 3, and 4 respectively.

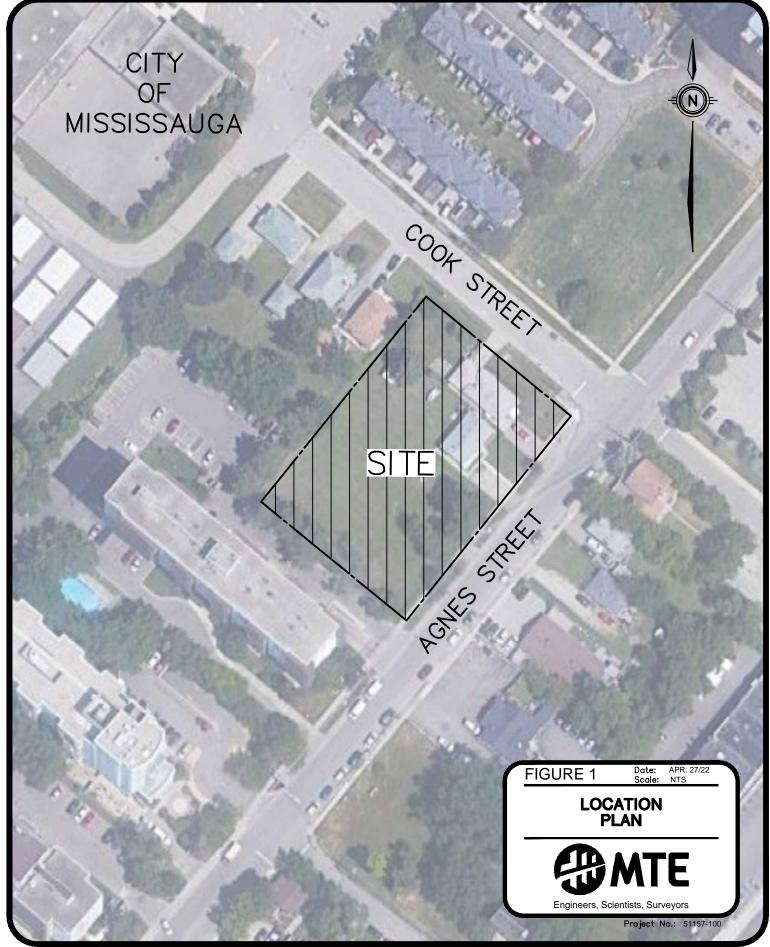
# 1.4 Hydrogeological Assessment

A Hydrogeological Assessment was prepared by Sirati & Partners Consultants Ltd. for the proposed residential building. This report discussed existing on-site groundwater conditions and the implications and considerations to take into the design. The field work was carried out from April 2021 to May 2021 and consisted of five (5) boreholes. The ground water elevation ranged from 108.03 to 109.65 metres above mean sea level and the report indicated a geometric mean hydraulic conductivity of  $1.1 \times 10^{-4}$  cm/sec which corresponds to an approximate infiltration rate of 47mm/hr as per Table C1 within the TRCA/CVC LID SWM Planning and Design Guide. Based on the Hydrogeological report short-term and long-term dewatering will be required for the site.

Groundwater quality was found to be in exceedance of the Region of Peel Storm Sewer Discharge Limits for manganese and zinc and in exceedance of the Storm and Sanitary Sewer Discharge Limits for total suspended solids (TSS). These exceedances are attributed to sediment within the samples and will be reduced to acceptable levels following treatment prior to discharge. Refer to the Hydrogeological Assessment for more details.

# 1.5 Long Term Groundwater Discharge

As per Section 8.3 within the Hydrogeological Assessment prepared by Sirati & Partners Consultants Ltd., the peak estimated groundwater discharge rate was calculated to be 84,068 L/day (0.001 m<sup>3</sup>/s). It is the Owner's intention to install a perimeter foundation drainage system which will treat collected groundwater before discharging to the storm sewer. The groundwater discharge treatment system is to be designed by a Mechanical Engineer. For the purposes of the stormwater management design, this peak groundwater flow was considered as a permanent base flow and factored into the sizing of the control features.



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# 2.0 Stormwater Management

The following sections will describe the proposed stormwater management (SWM) plan for the site.

# 2.1 Stormwater Management Criteria

The following SWM criteria will be applied to the site:

#### 2.1.1 Quantity Control

Attenuation of the post-development peak flows for the 100-year storm event to the 2-year existing condition peak flow rate.

#### 2.1.2 Quality Control

An enhanced (Level 1) water quality treatment (80% TSS Removal) is required for all impacted surface runoff prior to discharging to the receiving system.

#### 2.1.3 Water Retention

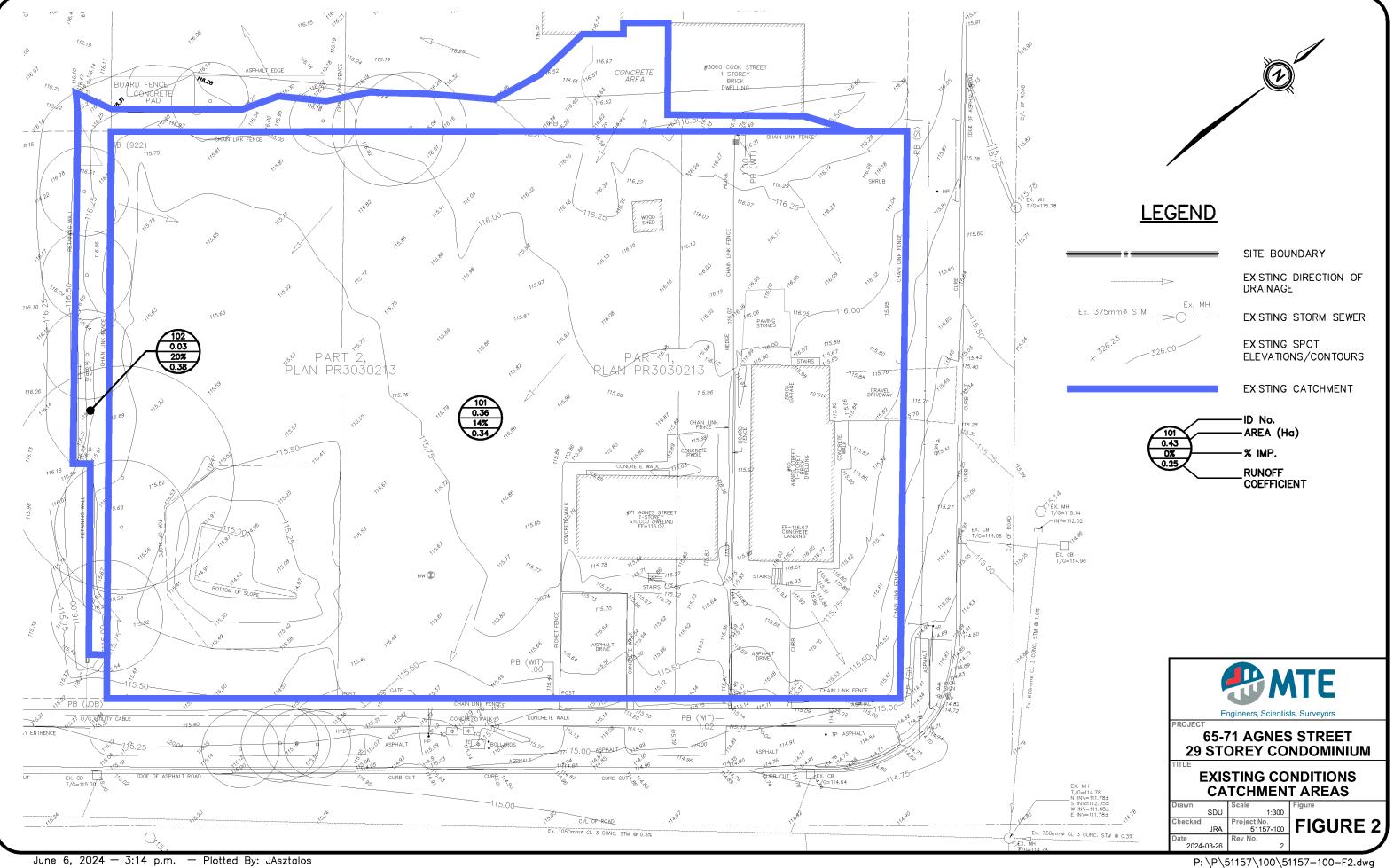
Retention of the first 5mm of each storm event through infiltration, evapotranspiration, or rainwater reuse.

# 2.2 Existing Conditions

Under existing conditions, the site is comprised of two 1-storey residential buildings, driveways, and landscaped areas. There is an existing 1050mm diameter storm sewer flowing southwest at approximately 0.3% within the Agnes Street ROW and a 600mm diameter storm sewer flowing southwest at 1.0% along the Cook Street ROW. Storm runoff generated on site is conveyed via sheet flow southeast towards catchbasins located along the Agnes Street and Cook Street ROW. The site does not have any known on-site stormwater management quantity or quality controls. The existing conditions have been defined by two (2) catchment area (see **Table 2.1** and **Figure 2**). A topographic survey of areas external to the property was completed by J.D. Barnes Limited to confirm the extent of external drainage entering the site.

Catchment ID	Description	Area (ha)	% Imp. <sup>A</sup>	'C' <sup>A</sup>		
101	Existing Site Drainage	0.36	14	0.34		
102	External Lands Draining to Site	0.03	20	0.38		
	TOTAL	0.39	15	0.35		
<sup>A</sup> See Appendix A for detailed breakdown.						

Table 2.1 – Existing	g Conditions	<b>Catchment Areas</b>
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The allowable release rate to the existing Agnes Street storm sewer was assessed using the Rational Method and the 2-Year IDF parameters for the City of Mississauga. **Table 2.2** summarizes the site allowable release rate for the 2-year design storm event which was calculated as follows:

Where:

Q = runoff rate (m<sup>3</sup>/s); C = Runoff Coefficient; i = Rainfall Intensity (mm/hr)

A = Catchment Area (ha)

#### Table 2.2 – Existing Conditions 2-Year Peak Flow Rate

Design Storm	IDF Parameters <sup>A</sup>			Allowable Release Rate to Agnes Street (Catchment 101 + 102)			
Event	Α	В	С	Q (m <sup>3</sup> /s)			
2-year	610	4.6	0.78	0.023 <sup>B</sup>			
<sup>A</sup> IDF parameters from City of Mississauga Standard DWG No. 2111.010 <sup>B</sup> $i = \frac{A}{(T_c+B)^C}$ , T <sub>c</sub> = 15min, Q = 0.00278CiA. See Appendix A for detailed calculations.							
$\iota = \frac{1}{(T_c + B)^c}$ , $\iota = 1$	10mm, & –	0.0027001A.		A for detailed calculations.			

# 2.3 **Proposed Conditions**

# 2.3.1 Quantity Control

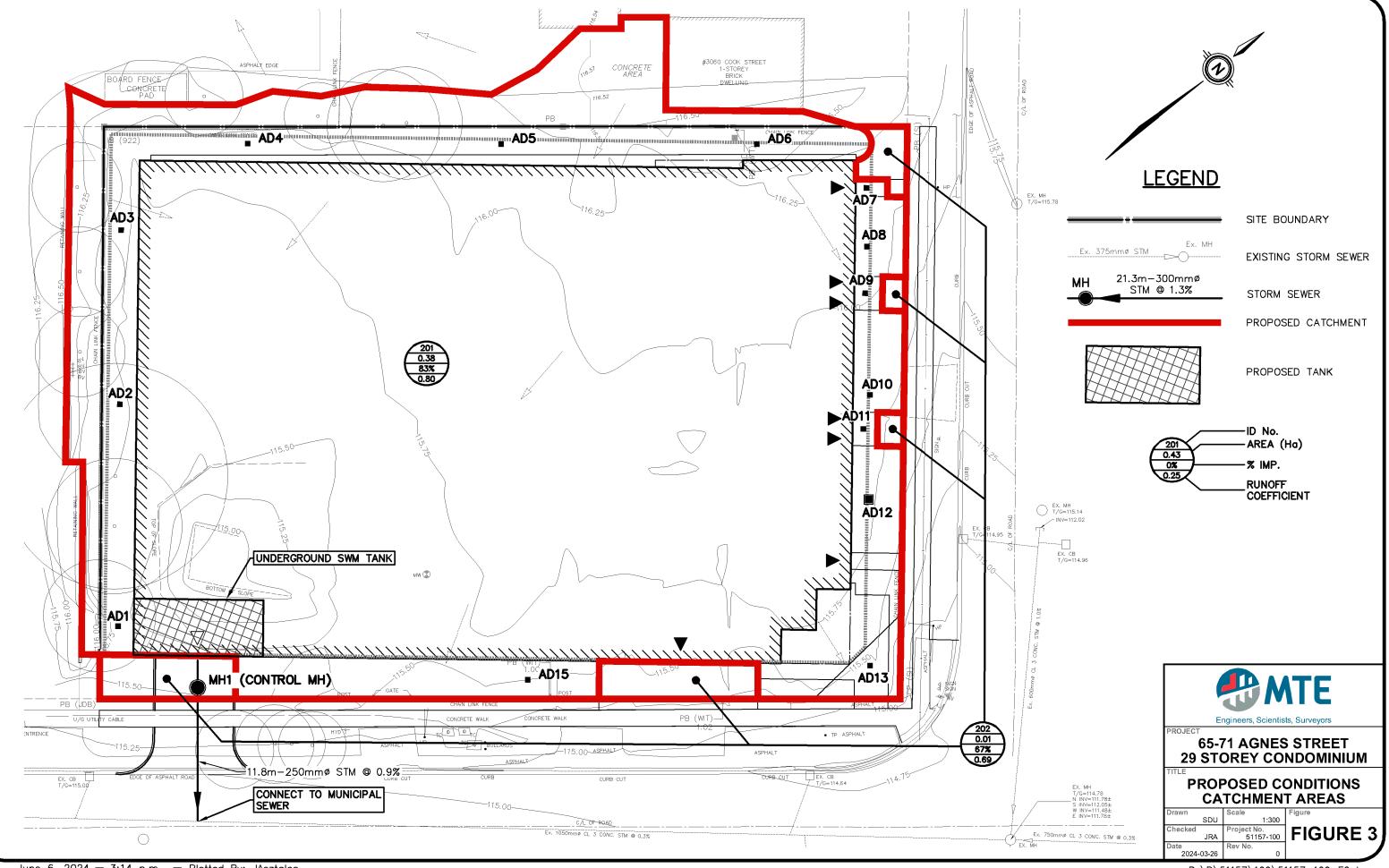
Under proposed conditions, the proponent plans to construct a 29-story high-rise residential development with underground parking levels. The proposed condition is delineated by two (2) catchment areas. Stormwater runoff from the site will be collected via area drains along the perimeter of the site and roof drains. Stormwater runoff will be directed to a stormwater tank within the P1 parking level via internal plumbing. The stormwater will then outlet from the tank through an orifice and new storm service lateral, connecting to the existing storm sewer within the Agnes Street ROW. A small amount of perimeter landscaping will drain uncontrolled via sheet flow to the Agnes Street and Cook Street ROW's.

**Table 2.3** provides a brief description of each catchment area as well as the size and impervious cover associated with each. **Figure 3** provides an illustration of the post-development catchment areas. Appendix A contains detailed information pertaining to the stormwater management model.

Catchment ID	Description		% Imp.	'C'
201	Building and Perimeter Paved and Landscaped (Controlled)	0.38	83	0.80
202	Perimeter Paved and Landscaped (Uncontrolled)	0.01	67	0.69
	TOTAL	0.39	0.83	0.80

#### Table 2.3 – Proposed Conditions Catchment Areas





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#### Catchment 201

Catchment 201 represents the building area, perimeter landscaped areas, paved areas, and external drainage in which runoff will be captured and conveyed to the on-site stormwater network. A proposed storm tank complete with orifice controls within the P1 parking level will be constructed to control the proposed conditions 100-year discharge rate to the existing conditions 2-year discharge rate. The stormwater runoff from the tank will be controlled by a 75mm diameter orifice plate located at the outlet of the stormwater tank prior to discharge into the existing 1050mm diameter storm sewer along the Agnes Street ROW.

#### Catchment 202

Catchment 202 represents an area that will be comprised of landscaped and asphalt areas draining uncontrolled via overland sheet flow to the Agnes Street and Cook Street ROWs.

The proposed conditions were assessed using the SWMHYMO hydrologic modeling program developed by J.F. Sabourin & Associates for the 100-year City of Mississauga 24-hour Chicago Distribution design storm. Appendix A contains detailed hydrologic modeling parameters and input/output printouts for the proposed conditions.

**Table 2.4** summarizes the stage-storage-discharge relationship for the underground storm tank.

Elevation (m)	Head (m)	Cumulative Storage Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	Discharge Q (m³/s) <sup>B</sup>	Comments
111.80	0.00	0.0	0.000	Tank Outlet
111.84	0.00	0.0	0.000	C/L Orifice
113.17	1.33	76.3	0.0150	Middle of Tank
114.53	2.69	154.8	0.0213	Top of Tank

 Table 2.4 – Stage-Storage-Discharge Calculations for Underground Storm Tank

<sup>A</sup> Storage volume based on a tank with internal footprint of 57.5m<sup>2</sup> and an active storage height of 2.69m. See Appendix A and drawing C2.2 for more details.

<sup>B</sup> From orifice equation  $Q = C_d A (2gH)^{0.5}$  for a 77mm diameter orifice plate [invert=111.80]

Where: C<sub>d</sub> = 0.63, A=cross-sectional area, g=9.81, H=pressure head

**Table 2.5** summarizes the proposed condition 100-year peak discharge rate for the site with the aforementioned stormwater management controls and compares it to the 2-year existing condition discharge rate. **Table 2.6** summarizes the proposed condition storage volume requirements and storage volume provided by the underground storm tank. The underground storm tank will provide sufficient storage volume to retain stormwater runoff up to the 100-year storm event prior to being released into the existing 1050mm diameter storm sewer along Agnes Street.

		Proposed Condition		Total Peak Discharge	
Storm Event	Peak Discharge Rate (Catchment 201) (m³/s) <sup>A</sup>	Peak Discharge Rate (Catchment 202) (m³/s) <sup>A</sup>	Total Peak Discharge Rate from Site (Catchment 201 + 202) (m <sup>3</sup> /s) <sup>A</sup>	Rate from Site (m <sup>3</sup> /s) <sup>B</sup>	
100-yr	0.021	0.004	0.023	0.023	
<sup>A</sup> Values taken from SWMHYMO Output File. <sup>B</sup> See Table 2.2					

#### Table 2.5 – Proposed Condition Peak Discharge Rate to Agnes Street

As outlined above, the post-development 100-year peak flow rate matches the pre-development 2-year peak flow rate. Please refer to Appendix A for SWMHYMO modeling output files.

#### Table 2.6 – Proposed Conditions Storage Volume Requirements Summary (Storm Tank)

Storm	Storm Ta	nk (Catchment 201)				
Event	Storage Volume Req. <sup>A</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )	Total Storage Volume Provided (m <sup>3</sup> ) <sup>B</sup>				
100-yr	152.6	154.8				
<sup>A</sup> Storage volume taken from SWMHYMO Output File (see Appendix A). <sup>B</sup> See Table 2.4						

The analysis indicates the following:

- The proposed conditions peak discharge rate to Agnes Street for 100-year storm event matches the 2-year existing conditions peak discharge rate.
- Sufficient storage volume is provided within the storm tank.

### 2.3.2 Quality Control

Due to grading constraints and the nature of the proposed development with the building taking up the majority of the subject site, there are limited opportunities for proposed low impact development (LID) features on the site. As the City considers roof water to be clean and there will be no runoff generated from surface parking areas, water quality controls are not proposed for this site as the development will not impact water quality for downstream receivers.

#### 2.3.3 Water Retention

As per the City of Mississauga requirements, the site is required to provide 5mm of on-site retention via infiltration, reuse, or evapotranspiration. Based on the site area, the volume of water required to be retained on-site is calculated as follows:

Volume = Site Area  $(m^2)$  x Depth of Rainfall (m)

= 3600m<sup>2</sup> x 0.005m

= 18.0 m<sup>3</sup>

Due to the proposed underground parking level taking up most of the site, infiltration measures to retain the water on-site are not feasible. The volume required to be retained on site will therefore be achieved via greywater reuse. The bottom of the storm tank will be set approximately 0.32m below the outlet to retain the required volume. The water will be used for grey water and irrigation

as designed by the mechanical engineer. The collected stormwater will be used within 72-hours of a rainfall event.

# 2.4 Sediment and Erosion Control

Sediment and erosion control measures are to be implemented on site during construction and are to conform to the Erosion & Sediment Control Guideline for Urban Construction and City of Mississauga Standards.

Sediment and erosion control measures will include:

- Installation of silt control fencing at strategic locations around the perimeter of the site where feasible.
- Preventing silt or sediment laden water from entering inlets (catchbasins / catchbasin manholes) by wrapping the inlet grates with filter fabric or installing silt sacks.
- Construction of a mud mat at the exit from the site to Agnes Street to mitigate the transportation of sediments to the surrounding roads.
- Maintaining sediment and erosion control structures in good repair (including periodic cleaning as required) until such time that the Engineer or City of Mississauga approves their removal. Erosion control measures to be inspected weekly and after any rainfall event.

# 3.0 Sanitary Sewer Servicing

# 3.1 Existing Conditions

There is an existing 250mm diameter sanitary sewer flowing northeast at approximately 0.7% within the Agnes Street ROW (full flow capacity of 49.7L/s). Additionally, there is an existing 250mm diameter sanitary sewer flowing southeast at approximately 1.4% within the Cook Street ROW (full flow capacity of 70.4 L/s). All capacities are based on Manning's Roughness Coefficient of 0.013.

# 3.2 **Proposed Conditions**

The anticipated sanitary discharge from the proposed development was estimated using Region of Peel design criteria. **Table 3.1** provides an estimate of the population for the site.

Description	Units <sup>A</sup>	Population Density (ppha) <sup>B</sup>	Population <sup>c</sup>		
1- Bedroom	262	1.6	419		
2-Bedroom	112	1.6	179		
3-Bedroom	25	3.0	75		
Townhouse	6	3.4	20		
Total Estimated Population 694					
<sup>A</sup> Unit Count referenced from Context Plan & Project Statistics prepared by Sweeny&Co Architects. Includes six 2- storey townhouse units. A Population density based on Region of Pool Development Charges Study (2020)					

#### Table 3.1 – Population Estimate

<sup>A</sup> Population density based on Region of Peel Development Charges Study (2020).

<sup>c</sup> Population calculated as (Units) X (Population Density). Total population rounded up.

Region of Peel guidelines were used to calculate discharge rates from the proposed site. The sanitary sewer discharge rates from the development are summarized in **Table 3.2** and detailed calculations are found in Appendix B.

Description	Population (people) <sup>A</sup>	Average Flow (L/s) <sup>B</sup>	Peak Flow (L/s) <sup>c</sup>					
1- Bedroom	419	1.47	5.73					
2-Bedroom	179	0.63	2.45					
3-Bedroom	75	0.26	1.02					
Townhouse	20	0.07	0.28					
Total	694	2.43	9.48					
Total Peak Sanitary Demand	for Site (with infilt	ration allowance)	9.55 <sup>D</sup>					
Total Peak Sanitary Demand for Site (with infiltration allowance)9.55 pA See Table 3.1.B Average flow based on 302.8 L/ca/day, as outlined in the Region of Peel Sanitary Sewer Design Criteria (2009).Peak flow = Average Flow*PF, where Harmon Peaking Factor (PF) = 1 + (14/(4+P <sup>1/2</sup> ) where P = cumulative population in thousands.PF = 3.9P Total Peak flow with infiltration = Total peak flow + infiltration allowanceWhere infiltration allowance (IA) is based on 0.20 l/s/ha, as outlined in the Region of Peel Sanitary Sewer Design Criteria (2009).IA = (0.2 L/s/ha) x (0.36ha) = 0.07 L/s								

#### Table 3.2 – Sanitary Sewer Discharge from Site

# 3.3 **Proposed Sanitary Servicing Plan and Capacity Analysis**

Sanitary servicing for the site will be provided by a 250mm diameter sanitary service at 2.0% connected to the existing 250mm diameter sanitary sewer on Cook Street. The full-flow capacity of a 250mm diameter pipe at a 2.0% slope is 84.1 L/s; the expected sanitary demand is below this limit. See Drawing C2.2 for details. The calculated sanitary discharge rate of 9.55 L/s (per **Table 3.2**) is less than the capacity of the Cook Street sanitary sewer (70.4 L/s) and represents approximately 14% of the total sewer capacity.

# 4.0 Domestic and Fire Water Supply Servicing

# 4.1 Existing Conditions

The existing municipal water distribution system around the site consists of a 400mm diameter watermain on Agnes Street ROW and a 150mm diameter watermain on Cook Street ROW. There is an existing hydrant located at the eastern site limit on Agnes Street.

# 4.2 Domestic Water Demands

The expected domestic water demand for the proposed development was estimated using the Region of Peel design criteria. **Table 4.1** summarizes the domestic water demand requirements for the Average Day, Maximum Day and Peak Hour demand scenarios and detailed calculations are provided in Appendix C. It should be noted that average day peak factor is 1.0, the max day peak factor is 2.0 and the peak hour factor is 3.0 in accordance with the Region of Peel standards.

Proposed Residential Demands						
Population:	694 people (see Table 3.1)					
Average Day Demand: A	280 L/day/person x 694 people =	2.25 L/s				
Maximum Day Demand: A	2.0 x 2.25 L/s =	4.50 L/s				
Peak Hour Demand: A	3.0 x 2.25 L/s =	6.75 L/s				
<sup>A</sup> Refer to Appendix C for detailed calculations.						

#### Table 4.1 – Domestic Water Demands

# 4.3 Fire Flow Demand

Fire flow demands for the proposed development were determined using the methodology outlined in Water Supply for Public Fire Protection (Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS), 2020). The fire demands are summarized in **Table 4.2** and detailed calculations are provided in Appendix C.

Table 4.2 – FUS Fire Flow Requirements

Building	Fire Underwriters Survey (FUS) Flow Rate			
Proposed Residential Development	183.3 L/s (11,000 L/min)			
Ultimate Maximum Day + Fire Flow	187.80 L/s (11,268 L/min)			

# 4.4 Proposed Water Servicing Plan and Analysis

As recommended by Region staff, fire water servicing for the site will consist of a looped system in which two water services; one connection off the Agnes Street watermain and one connection off the Cook Street watermain. The domestic service will be fed off the connection to Agnes Street watermain. The Agnes Street connection will consist of a 200mm diameter fire water service and 150mm diameter domestic service. The Cook Street connection will consist of a 150mm diameter fire water service. The water services are to be looped internal to the building and will be detailed by the Mechanical Engineer. For both fire watermains servicing the site, a detector check valve chamber has been provided prior to the building connection. Existing water service laterals for the existing buildings will be decommissioned per municipal standards.

A hydrant flow test was completed on March 26, 2024, by L&D Waterworks for the proposed development. The results indicate that there is enough pressure to meet the MECP and Region of Peel water distribution system requirements of maintaining a minimum residual pressure of 20psi (140kPa) when subject to Maximum Day + Fire Flow demands. See Appendix C for detailed calculations and the fire hydrant flow test results.

# 5.0 Conclusions

Based on the information provided herein, the following can be concluded:

- i. The Site's stormwater management quantity control criteria can be met using a storage tank complete with orifice control.
- ii. Quality control for the site is not required as runoff generated is inherently clean.
- iii. Water retention for the site can be provided via a cistern and water reuse.
- iv. Sanitary servicing for the site can be provided via a new service connection to the existing Cook Street sanitary sewer.
- v. Water servicing for the development can be provided via new service connections teed off the existing Agnes Street and Cook Street watermains.

We trust the information enclosed herein is satisfactory. Should you have any questions please do not hesitate to contact our office.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

#### **MTE Consultants Inc.**



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# STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CALCULATIONS



# 65-71 Agnes Street Mississauga, ONT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT



**Existing Flows** 

Project Number: 51157-100 **CALCULATION SHEET** Date: March 15, 2024 Design By: NXR File: Q:\51157\100\SWM\51157-100 SWM Calculations.xlsx

**Existing Flow Rates Rational Method** 

Q=kCIA (L/s)

k= 2.78 C= runoff coefficient I= rainfall intensity (mm/hr) A= contribution area (ha)

Total Site Area (includes external)

3,900 m<sup>2</sup> A= Site Area (A)= <u>0.390</u> <u>ha</u>

Existing Breakdown	Area	%Imp	С		
	Impervious 518		m <sup>2</sup>	100%	0.90
Catchment 101	Pervious	3082	m²	0%	0.25
	Subtotal	3600	m²	14%	0.34
	Impervious	61	m <sup>2</sup>	100%	0.90
Catchment 102	Pervious	239.0	m <sup>2</sup>	0%	0.25
	Subtotal	300	m²	20%	0.38
	Total/ <b>Average</b> =	3,900	m <sup>2</sup>	15%	0.35

**Rainfall Intensity** 

 $I=A(t+B)^{-C}$  (mm/hr)

City of Mississauga, Peel Region

							Q
Rainfall				t	Intensity	C <sup>(A)</sup>	Existing
Event	А	В	С	(min)	(mm/hr)	(Existing)	(L/s)
2-Year	610.0	4.6	0.780	15	59.892	0.35	23
5-Year	820.0	4.6	0.780	15	80.511	0.35	30
10-Year	1010.0	4.6	0.780	15	99.166	0.35	37
25-Year	1160.0	4.6	0.780	15	113.893	0.38	47
50-Year	1300.0	4.7	0.780	15	127.133	0.42	57
100-Year	1450.0	4.9	0.780	15	140.690	0.43	66

<sup>(A)</sup> Runoff Coefficients adjustment factors per Section 8.1.1 of the Development Requirements Manual by The City of Mississauga dated November 2020.

10 Year - 1.0

25 Year - 1.1

50 Year - 1.2

100 Year - 1.25

#### 65-71 Agnes Street Mississauga, ONT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT



POST DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS HYDROLOGIC MODELING PARAMETERS														
Catchment ID	Catchment Description	Hydrograph Method	Area (ha)	Perv. CN	Perv. Ia (mm)	Impervi TIMP	ous (%) XIMP	Flow Le Perv.	ngth (m) Imperv.	Mann Perv.	ing "n" Imperv.	Slop Perv.	e (%) Imperv.	'C'
	Building and Perimeter Asphalt and Landscaped (Controlled)	STANDHYD	0.38	90	2.82	83	83	5	12	0.250	0.013	2.0	2.0	0.80
202	Perimeter Asphalt and Landscaped (Uncontrolled)	STANDHYD	0.01	90	2.82	67	67	5	5	0.250	0.013	2.0	2.0	0.69
Nataa			0.39			83								

#### Notes

- Pervious Initial Abstraction (Perv. Ia) =  $0.1 \times S$ , where S = (25400 / CN) - 254

- Depression Storage over Impervious areas (DPSI) = 1.0 mm

#### STAGE-STORAGE-DISCHARGE CALCULATIONS FOR SWM TANK

#### Outlet Device No. 1



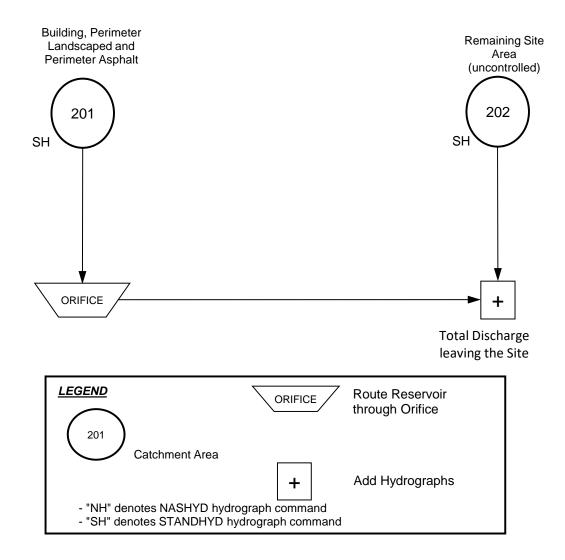
Туре:	Plate
Diameter (mm)	77
Area (m <sup>2</sup> )	0.00466
Invert Elev. (m)	111.80
C/L Elev. (m)	111.84
Disch. Coeff. (C <sub>d</sub> )	0.63
Discharge (Q) =	$C_{d} A (2 g H)^{0.5}$
Number of Orifices:	1
SWM Tank footprint(m <sup>2</sup> ):	57.5

		SM	/M Tank Volumes	3	Outlet		
	Elevation m	Area m²	Incremental Volume m <sup>3</sup>	Cumulative Active Volume m <sup>3</sup>	H m	Discharge m <sup>3</sup> /s	Total Discharge m <sup>3</sup> /s
Outlet Invert	111.80	57.5	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0.000
C/L Orifice	111.84	57.5	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0000	0.0000
Middle of Tank	113.17	57.5	76.3	76.3	1.33	0.0150	0.0150
Top of Tank	114.53	57.5	78.5	154.8	2.69	0.0213	0.0213

# 65-71 Agnes Street Mississauga, ONT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT



# POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS MODEL SCHEMATIC



#### Q:\51157\100\SWM\51157.DAT

0003>	*#*********	******	*****
	*# Project N	Name: 6	5-71 Agnes Street, Missisauga, Ontario
0004>	*# Date *# Modeller	: N	: March, 2024
0006>	*# Company	: M	TE Consultants Inc.
0007>	*# License #	# : 31	053466
		******	*****
00009>			
00010>			TZERO=[0.0], METOUT=[2], NSTORM=[1], NRUN=[002]
00011>			MISSG100.STM
	READ STORM		STORM FILENAME "STORM.001"
00014>	*		
00015>	*#********	******	****
		******	
00017>			
00018>			POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS HYDROLOGIC MODELING
0019>		=	
			Controlled Site Drainage
00023>			
	CALIB STANDHY		ID=[1], NHYD=["201"], DT=[1](min), AREA=[0.38](ha),
00025>			XIMP=[0.83], TIMP=[0.83], DWF=[0.001](cms), LOSS=[2],
00026>			SCS curve number CN=[90],
00027>			<pre>Pervious surfaces: IAper=[2.82](mm), SLPP=[2.0](%), LGP=[5](m), MNP=[0.250], SCP=[0](min),</pre>
0028>			<pre>LGP=[5](m), MNP=[0.250], SCP=[0](min), Impervious surfaces: IAimp=[1.00](mm), SLPI=[2.0](%),</pre>
00020>			LGI=[5](m), MNI=[0.013], SCI=[0](min),
00031>			RAINFALL=[, , , also m/hr), END=-1
	*COLLECT 18.0		
		IYD	IDin=[1], CINLET=[0.0001](cms), NINLET=[1],
00035>			<pre>MAJID=[2], MajNHYD=["OUT"], MINID=[3], MinNHYD=["REUSE"],</pre>
00036>			<pre>MINID=[3], MINHYD=["REOSE"], TMJSTO=[18.0](cu-m)</pre>
	*#ORIFICE PL#		1 I
00040>	*		
	ROUTE RESERVO	JIR	<pre>IDout=[4], NHYD=["TOT-SWM"], IDin=[2],</pre>
00042>			RDT=[1](min),
00043>			TABLE of ( OUTFLOW-STORAGE ) values
00044>			(cms) - (ha-m)
	0.00000 0	.0000	
0040>	0.01497 0	.0076	
00048>		.0155	
00049>			-1 -1 (max twenty pts)
00050>			<pre>IDovf=[5], NHYDovf=["OVF-201"]</pre>
			CONTROLLED SITE AREA (PERIMETER)
100E2-			ID=[6], NHYD=["202"], DT=[1](min), AREA=[0.01](ha),
			<pre>XIMP=[0.67], TIMP=[0.67], DWF=[0](cms), LOSS=[2],</pre>
00054>			SCS curve number CN=[90],
00054>			
00054> 00055> 00056>			Pervious surfaces: IAper=[2.82](mm), SLPP=[2.0](%),
00054> 00055> 00056> 00057> 00058>			<pre>Pervious surfaces: IAper=[2.82](mm), SLPP=[2.0](%), LGP=[5](m), MNP=[0.250], SCP=[0](min),</pre>
00054> 00055> 00056> 00057> 00058> 00058>			<pre>Pervious surfaces: IAper=[2.82](mm), SLPP=[2.0](%), LGP=[5](m), MNP=[0.250], SCP=[0](min), Impervious surfaces: IAimp=[1.00](mm), SLPI=[2.0](%),</pre>
00054> 00055> 00056> 00057> 00058> 00059> 00059>			<pre>Pervious surfaces: IAper=[2.82](mm), SLPP=[2.0](%),</pre>
00054> 00055> 00056> 00057> 00058> 00059> 00060> 00061>			<pre>Pervious surfaces: IAper=[2.82](mm), SLPP=[2.0](%), LGP=[5](m), MNP=[0.250], SCP=[0](min), Impervious surfaces: IAimp=[1.00](mm), SLPI=[2.0](%), LGI=[5](m), MNI=[0.013], SCI=[0](min), RAINFALL=[, , , also m/hr), END=-1</pre>
00054> 00055> 00056> 00057> 00058> 00059> 00060> 00061> 00061>	*&		Pervious surfaces: IAper=[2.82](mm), SLPP=[2.0](%), LGPP=[5](m), MNP=[0.250], SCP=[0](min), Impervious surfaces: IAimp=[1.00](mm), SLPI=[2.0](%), IGI=[5](m), MNI=[0.03], SCI=[0](min), RAINFAL=[, , , also m/hr), END=-1
00054> 00055> 00056> 00057> 00058> 00059> 00060> 00061> 00061> 00062> 00063>	*\$*# TOTAL DISC	CHARGE	Pervious surfaces: LAper=[2,82](mm), SLPP=[2.0](%), LGP=[5](m), MND=[0.250], SCP=[0](min), Impervious surfaces: LAimp=[1.00](mm), SLPI=[2.0](%), LGI=[5](m), MNI=[0.013], SCI=[0](min), RAINFALL=[, , , also m/hr), END=-1 
00054> 00055> 00056> 00057> 00058> 00059> 00060> 00061> 00061> 00062> 00063> 00064> 00064>	*% *# TOTAL DISC ADD HYD *%	CHARGE 1	Pervious surfaces: IAper=[2.82](mm), SLPP=[2.0](%), LGPP=[5](m), MNP=[0.250], SCP=[0](min), Impervious surfaces: IAimp=[1.00](mm), SLPI=[2.0](%), IGI=[5](m), MNI=[0.03], SCI=[0](min), RAINFAL=[, , , also m/hr), END=-1
00054> 00055> 00056> 00057> 00058> 00060> 00061> 00062> 00063> 00064> 00065> 00066>	*% *# TOTAL DISC ADD HYD *%	CHARGE 1	Pervious surfaces: LAper=[2.82](mm), SLPP=[2.0](%), LGP=[5](m), MNP=[0.250], SCP=[0](min), Impervious surfaces: LAimp=[1.00](mm), SLPI=[2.0](%), LGI=[5](m), MNI=[0.013], SCI=[0](min), RAINFALL=[, , , also m/hr), END=-1 
00054> 00055> 00056> 00057> 00058> 00059> 00060> 00061> 00062> 00064> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065>	*% *# TOTAL DISC ADD HYD *%	CHARGE 1	Pervious surfaces: LAper=[2.82](mm), SLPP=[2.0](%), LGP=[5](m), MNP=[0.250], SCP=[0](min), Impervious surfaces: LAimp=[1.00](mm), SLPI=[2.0](%), LGI=[5](m), MNI=[0.013], SCI=[0](min), RAINFALL=[, , , also m/hr), END=-1 
00054> 00055> 00056> 00057> 00058> 00060> 00061> 00062> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065>	*% *# TOTAL DISC ADD HYD *%	CHARGE 1	Pervious surfaces: LAper=[2.82](mm), SLPP=[2.0](%), LGP=[5](m), MNP=[0.250], SCP=[0](min), Impervious surfaces: LAimp=[1.00](mm), SLPI=[2.0](%), LGI=[5](m), MNI=[0.013], SCI=[0](min), RAINFALL=[, , , also m/hr), END=-1 
00054> 00055> 00056> 00057> 00058> 00060> 00060> 00060> 00064> 00065> 00066> 00066> 00066> 00066> 00066> 00068>	*% *# TOTAL DISC ADD HYD *%	CHARGE 1	Pervious surfaces: LAper=[2.82](mm), SLPP=[2.0](%), LGP=[5](m), MNP=[0.250], SCP=[0](min), Impervious surfaces: LAimp=[1.00](mm), SLPI=[2.0](%), LGI=[5](m), MNI=[0.013], SCI=[0](min), RAINFALL=[, , , also m/hr), END=-1 
00054> 00055> 00056> 00057> 00058> 00058> 00060> 00061> 00062> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065>	*% *# TOTAL DISC ADD HYD *%	CHARGE 1	Pervious surfaces: LAper=[2.82](mm), SLPP=[2.0](%), LGP=[5](m), MNP=[0.250], SCP=[0](min), Impervious surfaces: LAimp=[1.00](mm), SLPI=[2.0](%), LGI=[5](m), MNI=[0.013], SCI=[0](min), RAINFALL=[, , , also m/hr), END=-1 
00054> 00055> 00055> 00057> 00058> 00058> 00060> 00061> 00062> 00064> 00065> 000665> 000665> 000665> 000665 000665 000665 00067> 00068> 00067>	*% *# TOTAL DISC ADD HYD *%	CHARGE 1	Pervious surfaces: LAper=[2.82](mm), SLPP=[2.0](%), LGP=[5](m), MNP=[0.250], SCP=[0](min), Impervious surfaces: LAimp=[1.00](mm), SLPI=[2.0](%), LGI=[5](m), MNI=[0.013], SCI=[0](min), RAINFALL=[, , , also m/hr), END=-1 
00054> 00055> 00056> 00057> 00058> 00058> 00060> 00061> 00062> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065>	*% *# TOTAL DISC ADD HYD *%	CHARGE 1	Pervious surfaces: LAper=[2.82](mm), SLPP=[2.0](%), LGP=[5](m), MNP=[0.250], SCP=[0](min), Impervious surfaces: LAimp=[1.00](mm), SLPI=[2.0](%), LGI=[5](m), MNI=[0.013], SCI=[0](min), RAINFALL=[, , , also m/hr), END=-1 
00054> 00055> 00056> 00057> 00057> 00058> 00060> 00061> 00062> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00065> 00066> 00067> 0007>	*% *# TOTAL DISC ADD HYD *%	CHARGE 1	Pervious surfaces: LAper=[2.82](mm), SLPP=[2.0](%), LGP=[5](m), MNP=[0.250], SCP=[0](min), Impervious surfaces: LAimp=[1.00](mm), SLPI=[2.0](%), LGI=[5](m), MNI=[0.013], SCI=[0](min), RAINFALL=[, , , also m/hr), END=-1 

Input File

#### *Q:\51157\100\SWM\51157.out*

00001>	00130> TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) = 74.18 74.18 74.175
00002> 00003> SSSSS W W M M H H Y Y M M OOO 999 999 ========	00131> RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .99 .69 .936 00132>
00004> S WWW MM MM H H YY MM MM O O 9 9 9 9	00133> (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
00005> SSSSS WWW MMM HHHHH Y MMM O O ## 9 9 9 9 Ver 4.05 00006> S WW M M H H Y M M O O 9999 9999 Sept 2011	00134> CN* = 90.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above) 00135> (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
00007> SSSS WW M M H H Y M M OOO 9 9 ======== 00008> 9 9 9 # 3053466	00136> THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT. 00137> (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
00009> StormWater Management HYdrologic Model 999 999 =============================	00138> ACTUAL QPEAK: PEAK( .14) + QBASE( .00) = .15 (cms) 00139>
00011> *********************************	00140>
00012> ********** A single event and continuous hydrologic simulation model *********	00142> *COLLECT 18.0m3 FOR WATER REUSE
00014> ******** based on the principles of HYMO and its successors ******** 00015> ********* OTTHYMO-83 and OTTHYMO-89. ********	00143> 00144>   COMPUTE DUALHYD   Average inlet capacities [CINLET] = .000 (cms)
00016> ********* Distributed by: J.F. Sabourin and Associates Inc. ********	00144>         COMPUTE DUALHYD         Average inlet capacities         [CINLET] =         .000 (cms)           00145>         TotalHyd 01:201         Number of inlets in system [NHLET] =         1           00146>         TotalHyd 01:201         TotalHinor system capacity         =         .000 (cms)
00018> ******** Ottawa, Ontario: (613) 836-3884 ********	00147> Total major system storage [TMJSTO] = 18.(cu.m.)
00020> ******** E-Mail: gumbymo@ifga Com ********	00148> 00149> ID: NHYD AREA QPEAK TPEAK R.V. DWF
00021> ************************************	00150> (ha) (cms) (hrs) (mm) (cms) 00151> TOTAL HYD. 01:201 .38 .144 1.250 69.428 .001
00023> ++++++++++ Licensed user: MTE Consultants Inc. ++++++++	00152>
00025> +++++++++ Burlington SERIAL#:3053466 +++++++++	00154> MINOR SYST 03:REUSE .03 .000 53.133 69.443 .001
00026> ++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	00155> 00156> NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.
00028> ************************************	00157> ACTUAL TOTAL PEAK FLOW: PEAK ( .144) + BASE ( .001) = .145 (cms) 00158> & MINOR SYS. PEAK FLOW: PEAK ( .000) + BASE ( .001) = .001 (cms)
00030> ******** Maximum value for ID numbers : 10 *********	00159> 00160> Maximum MAJOR SYSTEM storage used = 18.(cu.m.)
000225 +++++++++ Max sumbar of flow points : 105409 +++++++++	00161>
00032>	00162> *** WARNING: Baseflow was left in minor system. 00163>
00035> 00036> *********************** DETAILED OUTPUT ****************************	00164> 002:0005 00165> *#ORIFICE PLATE
00037> ************************************	00166> *
00038> * DATE: 2024-06-06 TIME: 16:03:45 RUN COUNTER: 000746 * 00039> ************************************	00167> 00168>   ROUTE RESERVOIR   Requested routing time step = 1.0 min.
00040> * Input filename: Q:\51157\100\SWM\51157.DAT * 00041> * Output filename: Q:\51157\100\SWM\51157.out *	00169> IN>02:(OUT ) 00170> OUT<04:(TOT-SW) ======== OUTLFOW STORAGE TABLE ========
00042> * Summary filename: Q:\51157\100\SWM\51157.sum * 00043> * User comments: *	00171> OUTFLOW STORAGE OUTFLOW STORAGE 00172> (cms) (ha.m.) (cms) (ha.m.)
00044> * 1: *	00173> .000 .0000E+00 .021 .1550E-01
00045> * 2:* 00046> * 3:*	00174> .015 .7600E-02 .000 .0000E+00 00175>
00047> ************************************	00176>         ROUTING RESULTS         AREA         QPEAK         TPEAK         R.V.           00177>          (ha)         (cms)         (hrs)         (mm)
00049>	00178> INFLOW >02: (OUT ) .35 .104/ 1.250 69.428 00179> OUTFLOW<04: (TOT-SW) .35 .021 1.533 69.427
00051> *#***********************************	00180> OVERFLOW<05: (OVF-20) .00 .000 .000 .000
00052> *# Project Name: 65-71 Agnes Street, Missisauga, Ontario 00053> *# Date : March, 2024	00181> 00182> TOTAL NUMBER OF SIMULATED OVERFLOWS = 0
00054> *# Modeller : NXR 00055> *# Company : MTE Consultants Inc.	00183> CUMULATIVE TIME OF OVERFLOWS (hours)= .00 00184> PERCENTAGE OF TIME OVERFLOWING (%)= .00
00056> *# License # : 3053466	00185>
00057> *#***********************************	00186> 00187> PEAK FLOW REDUCTION [Qout/Qin](%)= 14.671
00059> ** END OF RUN : 1 00060>	00188> TIME SHIFT OF PEAK FLOW (min)= 17.00 00189> MAXIMUM STORAGE USED (ha.m.)=.1526E-01
00061> ************************************	00190>
00063>	00192> 002:0006
00064> 00065>	00193> *CATCHMENT 202 - UNCONTROLLED SITE AREA (PERIMETER) 00194> *#***********************************
00066> 00067>	00195> 00196>   CALUE STEADDHYD   Area (ba)= 01
00068>   START   Project dir.: Q:\51157\100\SWM\	001965   CALIE STANDHYD   Area (ha)= .01 001975   06:202 DT=1.00   Total Imp(\$)= 67.00 Dir. Conn.(\$)= 67.00
00069> Rainfall dir.: Q:\51157\100\SWM\ 00070> TZERO = .00 hrs on 0	00198> 00199> IMPERVIOUS PERVIOUS (i)
00071> METOUT= 2 (output = METRIC) 00072> NRUN = 002	00200> Surface Area (ha)= .01 .00 00201> Dep. Storage (mm)= 1.00 2.82
00073> NSTORM= 1 00074> # 1=MISSG100.STM	00202> Average Slope (%)= 2.00 2.00
00075>	00204> Mannings n = .013 .250
00076> 002:0002	00205> 00206> Max.eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 140.69 119.45
00078> *# Project Name: 65-71 Agnes Street, Missisauga, Ontario 00079> *# Date : March, 2024	00207> over (min) 1.00 2.00 00208> Storage Coeff. (min)= .30 (ii) 2.19 (ii)
00080> *# Modeller : NXR	00209> Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min)= 1.00 2.00 00210> Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= 1.64 .53
00081> *# Company : MTE Consultants Inc. 00082> *# License # : 3053466 00083> *#***********************************	00211> *TOTALS*
00083> *#***********************************	00212> PEAK FLOW (cms)= .00 .00 .004 (iii) 00213> TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.07 1.25 1.250
00085>	00214> RUNOFF VOLUME (mm) = 73.17 51.13 65.901 00215> TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) = 74.18 74.18 74.175
00087> *	00216> RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .99 .69 .888
00088> 00089>   READ STORM   Filename: MISSISSAUGA 100-YR(A=1450 B=4.9 C=0.78)	00217> 00218> (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
00090>   Ptotal= 74.18 mm   Comments: MISSISSAUGA 100-YR(A=1450 B=4.9 C=0.78) 00091>	00219> CN* = 90.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above) 00220> (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
00092> TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   TIME RAIN   00093> hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr   hrs mm/hr	00221> THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT. 00222> (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
00094> .25 6.785 1.00 29.140 1.75 18.449 2.50 8.259 00095> .50 8.807 1.25 140.690 2.00 12.841 2.75 7.079	00222> (111) FERT FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE DESERTION IF ANT. 00223> (0224>
00096> .75 13.024   1.50 35.407   2.25 9.996   3.00 6.223	00225> 002:0007
00097> 00098>	00226> *# TOTAL DISCHARGE FROM THE SUBJECT PROPERTY (ALLOWABLE = 0.023 cu.m/s) 00227>
00099-002:0003	00228>   ADD HYD (TOT )   ID: NHYD AREA QPEAK TPEAK R.V. DWF 00229> (ha) (cms) (hrs) (mm) (cms)
00101> *#***********************************	00230> ID1 04:TOT-SWM .35 .021 1.53 69.43 .000
00102> *####################################	00231> +ID2 05:0VF-201 .00 .000 .00 .00 00232> +ID3 06:202 .01 .004 1.25 65.90 .000
00104> *# POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS HYDROLOGIC MODELING 00105> *#	00233> ===================================
00106> *#	00235>
00107> *####################################	00236> NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. 00237>
00109> * 00110>	00238> 00239> 002:0008
00111>   CALIB STANDHYD   Area (ha)= .38 00112>   01:201 DT= 1.00   Total Imp(\$)= 83.00 Dir. Conn.(\$)= 83.00	00240> * 00241> FINISH
00113>	02412
00114> IMPERVIOUS PERVIOUS (i) 00115> Surface Area (ha)= .32 .06	00244> WARNINGS / ERRORS / NOTES
00116> Dep. Storage (mm)= 1.00 2.82 00117> Average Slope (%)= 2.00 2.00	00245> 00246> 002:0004 COMPUTE DUALHYD
00118> Length (m)= 5.00 5.00	00247> *** WARNING: Baseflow was left in minor system.
00119> Mannings n = .013 .250 00120>	00248> Simulation ended on 2024-06-06 at 16:03:46 00249> ====================================
00121> Max.eff.Inten.(mm/hr)= 140.69 119.45 00122> over (min) 1.00 2.00	00250>
00122> Storage Coeff. (min) .30 (ii) 2.19 (ii) 00124> Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min) = 1.00 2.00	
00125> Unit Hyd. peak (cms)= 1.64 .53	
00126> *TOTALS* 00127> PEAK FLOW (cms)= .12 .02 .144 (iii)	
00128> TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.08 1.25 1.250 00129> RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 73.17 51.13 69.428	
MTE Conquiltonta Ing Do	

MTE Consultants Inc.

Page 0

Output File

**Appendix B** 

# SANITARY DEMAND CALCULATIONS



#### 65-71 Agnes Street

City of Mississauga MTE Project #: 51157-100 Date: March 2024 By: NXR

#### Sanitary Demand Calculations



		Residential	Final Demand				
Land Use	Units <sup>1</sup>	Population Density <sup>2</sup>	Population	Demand	Total Average Demand	Total Peaked Demand	Total Peaked Demand + Infiltration
			(persons)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)
Proposed Condo Mix 1 Bedroom 2 Bedroom 3 Bedroom Townhouse	262 112 25 6	1.6 1.6 3.0 3.4	419 179 75 20	1.47 0.63 0.26 0.07	1.47 0.63 0.26 0.07	5.72 2.45 1.02 0.28	
Total	405		694	2.43	2.43	9.48	9.55

Sanitary Demand		
Residential Daily Demands <sup>3</sup>	302.8	L/d/person
	0.0035	L/ca/s
Harmon Peaking Factor (Residential) <sup>4</sup>	3.9	
Site Area	0.36	ha
Infiltration Allowance <sup>5</sup>	0.2	L/s/ha
	0.072	L/s

Note 1: Room/Unit count breakdown provided by architect

Note 2: Population Density based on Region of Peel Development Charges Study (2020) Note 3: Residential daily demands based on Region of Peel Standards

Note 4: Harmon Peaking Factor Kh =  $1+(14/(4+P^{(1/2)}))$  where P = population in thousands

Note 5: Infiltration allowance based on Region of Peel Sanitary Sewer Design Criteria (2009)



# WATER DEMAND CALCULATIONS & ANALYSIS



# 65-71 Agnes Street

City of Mississauga Project No: 51157-100 6/6/2024 By: NXR

Res. Peaking Factors <sup>1</sup> :					
Avg. Day	1.0				
Max. Day	2.0				
Peak Hour	3.0				



#### **Demand Calculations**

		Residential			Final Demand			
Location	Units	Population Density (person/unit) <sup>2</sup>	Population (persons)	Demand (l/s)	Avg Day Demand Qavg (I/s)	Max Day Demand Qmax.day (l/s)	Peak Hour Demand Qpeak (l/s)	
Residential								
1 Bedroom	262	1.6	419	1.359	1.359	2.717	4.076	
2 Bedroom	112	1.6	179	0.581	0.581	1.161	1.742	
3 Bedroom	25	3.0	75	0.243	0.243	0.486	0.729	
Townhouse	6	3.4	20	0.066	0.066	0.132	0.198	
Totals	405		694	2.25	2.25	4.50	6.75	

Water Demand	
Average Residential Daily Demands	280 l/d/person
	0.0032 l/s/person

Fire Flow <sup>3</sup>	
Fire Flow	11,000 l/min
	183.30 l/s

	Max Day + Fire Flow Demand					
Qmax.day+fire	187.80 l/s					

Note 1: Water Demands from Section 2.3 "Water Demands" of the Region of Peel Public Works Watermain Design Criteria (2010).

Note 2: Population Density based on Region of Peel Development Charges Study (2020) Note 3: Fire flows from FUS (2020) - See attached worksheets

#### 65-71 Agnes Street

City of Mississauga Project No: 51157-100 6/6/2024 By: NXR

#### FIRE FLOW DEMAND REQUIREMENTS - FIRE UNDERWRITERS SURVEY (FUS GUIDELINES)

Fire flow demands for the FUS method is based on information and guidance provided in "Water Supply for Public Protection" (Fire Underwriters Survey, 2020).

An estimate of the fire flow required is given by the following formula:

 $RFF = 220C\sqrt{A}$ 

		$RFF = 220C\sqrt{A}$	Floor	GFA/Floor	Total GFA	Effective Area (A)
where:			1st	818.56	818.56	0
	RFF =	the required fire flow in litres per minute	2nd	517.03	517.03	0
	C =	coefficient related to the type of construction	3rd	1103.26	1103.26	0
		= 1.5 for Type V Wood Frame Construction	4th	1103.26	1103.26	0
		= 0.8 for Type IV-A Mass Timber Construction	5th	1022.26	1022.26	1022
		= 0.9 for Type IV-B Mass Timber Construction	6th	1642.5	1642.5	1643
		= 1.0 for Type IV-C Mass Timber Construction	7th	717.78	717.78	359
		= 1.5 for Type IV-D Mass Timber Construction	8th	846.19	846.19	423
		= 1.0 for Type III Ordinary Construction	9th to 29th	846.19	17770.07	2539
		= 0.8 for <b>Type II</b> Noncombustible Construction	TOTAL		25541	5985.33
		= 0.6 for Type I Fire Resistive Construction				
	A =	For a building classified with a Construction Coefficient below 1.0:				

For a building classified with a Construction Coefficient below 1.0: 1) For Fire-Resistive Construction, consider the two largest adjoining floors plus 50% of each of any floors immediately above them up to 8. For New Building: Two largest adjoining floors are level 5 & 6

#### Adjustments to the calculated fire flow can be made based on occupancy, sprinkler protection and exposure to other structures. The table below summarizes the adjustments made to the basic fire flow demand.

			(*	1)		(2)		(3)		(4)		Final Adjusted	
	Area "A"	С	Fire Flo	w "RFF"	Oc	cupancy	S	prinkler	E	xposure		Fire Flow	
Building	(m²)	(Type II)	(l/min)	(l/s)	%	Adjusted Fire Flow (L/min)		Adjustment (L/min)	%	Adjustment (L/min)	(L/min)	Rounded (L/min)	(L/s)
Proposed Building	5,985.3	0.8	13,600	226.7	-15	11,560	-40	-4,624	35	4,046	10,982	11,000	183.3

(2) Occupancy		(3) Sprinkler	(4) Exposure			Building A		
Non-Combustible	-25%	-30% - Automatic sprinkler protection designed and	0 to 3m	25%		Direction	Distance	%
Limited Combustible	-15%	installed in accordance with NFPA 13	3.1 to 10m	20%	Calculate for all	N	4m	20
Combustible	No charge	-10% - Water supply is standard for both the system	10.1 to 20m	15%	sides. Maximum	E	>30m	0
Free Burning	15%	and Fire Department hose line	20.1 to 30m	10%	charge shall not	S	>30m	0
Rapid Burning	25%	-10% - Fully supervised system	>30	0%	exceed 75%	W	20.0	15
							Total	35

L & D Waterworks Inc.

491 Port Maitland Rd Dunnville, ON N1A 2W6 Ph: 289.684.6747 Email: Idwaterworks2005@gmail.com

**To: Umair Waseem** 

March 26,2024

# **International Capital Real Estate**

L & D Waterworks has recently completed fire hydrant flow test for 65-71 Agnes Street Mississauga, On.

We define the Test Hydrant as the one being flowed, and the Base Hydrant as the one where static and residual pressures are recorded. Wherever possible, we inspect the secondary valve for the Test Hydrant to make sure it is in the fully open position. Likewise, we count the number of turns needed to open the Test Hydrant ( to make sure it is opening completely).

We do not use pitot conversion factors for different nozzle profiles. The Engineer may use these factors if desired and warranted.

The secondary valve for the Test Hydrant on Livingston Ave was fully open at the time of the test.

Testing was completed in accordance with NFPA 291 guidelines.

There were no irregularities to report.

Your truly.

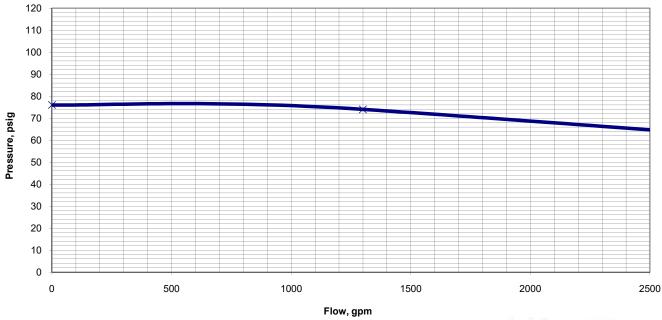
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L&D Waterworks Inc.

# Hydrant Flow Test Report

SITE NAME:	TEST DATE:					
SITE ADDRESS / MUNICIPALITY:	65-71	Agnes Street Mis	Street Mississauga, ON March 26,2			
TEST HYDRANT LOCATION :	1st Fire Hy	/drant East of Cod ( Hydrant ID# 202	_			
BASE HYDRANT LOCATION:	•	drant West of Co (Hydrant ID # 65	TEST TIME: 12:18PM			
TEST BY: Luzia Wood						
		TEST DATA				
FLOW HYDRANT Pipe Diam. (in / mm)	400mm					
	<u>PITOT 1</u>		<u>PITOT 2</u>			
SIZE OPENING (inches):	2.5		2.5	_		
COEFFICIENT (note 1):	0.90		0.90	_		
PITOT READING (psi):	60		44 / 44			
FLOW (usgpm):	1300	-	2226	-		
THEORETICAL FLOW @	) 20 PSI	7858				
BASE HYDRANT Pipe Diam. (in / mm)	400mm					
STATIC READING (psi): 76	RESIDUAL 1 (psi):	74	RESIDUAL 2 (psi):	72		
REMARKS:						

**NOTE 1**: Conversion factor of .90 used for flow calculation based on rounded and flush internal nozzle configuration. No appreciable difference in pipe invert between flow and base hydrants.



L & D Waterworks Inc.

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# REGION OF PEEL WATER AND WASTEWATER MODELLING DEMAND TABLE



# Water and Wastewater Modelling Demand Table - Site Plan applications

Version - January 2023

	units	persons	
Proposed Residential <sup>1)</sup>			
Singles/Semis			
townhouses	6 Units	20 persons	
large apartments (>750sqft)	25 Units	75 persons	
small apartments (<=750sqft)	374 Units	598 persons	
Total Proposed Residential	405 Units	694 persons	
Proposed Institutional Population <sup>2)</sup>		_	
Proposed Employment Population <sup>3)</sup>			
Total	405 Units	694 persons	
Proposed GFA (commercial/retail) (sq	m)	0 sq.m	

Proposed GFA (commercial/retail) (sqm)

#### WATER CONNECTION

Hydrant flow test					
Hydrant flow test locations <sup>4)</sup>					
1st Fire Hydrant East of Cook St on Agnes St(Hydrant ID # 2020577)					
	Pressure	Flow (in I/s)	Time		
	(kPa)	110w (111/5)	TIME		
Minimum water pressure	496.42	140.44 L/s	12:18PM		
Maximum water pressure	524.00	0 L/s	12:18PM		

	Water demands							
No.								
	Demand type	Use 1 <sup>6)</sup>	Use 2 <sup>6)</sup>	Use 3 <sup>6)</sup>	Total			
1	Average day flow	2.25 L/s			2.25 L/s			
2	Maximum day flow	4.50 L/s			4.50 L/s			
3	Peak hour flow	6.75 L/s			6.75 L/s			
4	Fire flow <sup>5)</sup>	183.30 L/s			183.30 L/s			
Analysis								
5	Maximum day plus fire flow	187.86 L/s			187.86 L/s			

#### WASTEWATER CONNECTION

		Discharge Location <sup>7)</sup>	Flow
6	Wastewater sewer effluent (in I/s)	Cook Street	9.55 L/s
7	Wastewater sewer effluent (in I/s)		
8	Wastewater sewer effluent (in I/s)		
9	Total Wastewater sewer effluent (in I/s)		9.55 L/s

<sup>1)</sup> For the design flow calculations, please consider the following PPU's, which are found in the Region of Peel 2020 DC Background Study

□Singles/Semi – 4.2

 $\Box$ Multiples (Townhouses) – 3.4  $\Box$ Large Apartments (larger than 750 square feet) – 3.0  $\Box$ Small Apartments (equal to or less than 750 square feet) – 1.6

<sup>2)</sup> refer to Region of Peel design criteria

<sup>3)</sup> For the commercial and industrial design flow calculations, please use your site specific estimated population or the most current Ontario Building Code Occupant Load determination

<sup>4)</sup> Please include the graphs associated with the hydrant flow test information table

<sup>4)</sup> Hydrant flow tests should be performed within 2 years of submisison to the Region.

The Region will not permit hydrant flow tests during the winter, please check with the Region for scheduling

<sup>5)</sup> Please reference the Fire Underwriters Survey Document

<sup>6)</sup> Please identify the flows for each use type, if applicable

<sup>7)</sup> Please include drainage plan for mutliple discharge locations

The calculations should be based on the development proposal All required calculations must be submitted with the demand table submission Table shall include Professional Engineer's signature and stamp Site servicing concept shall be included

## This table will be deemed complete when all the above is submitted and/or included. Modelling will commence with a complete table.